Climate Solutions University Forests and Water Strategies

Rural Climate Adaptation: Elements Leading to Effective Implementation

National Adaptation Forum Denver, CO April 4, 2013



Symposium Presenters:

Gwen Griffith – Curriculum Director



Julia Kintsch – Implementation Coordinator



Marcie Bidwell – Mountain Studies Institute



Vanitha Sivarajan – Development Director



Today's Symposium Outline: Elements of Effective Implementation

- Goals for Today's Dialogue
- Overview Climate Solutions University
- Elements of Planning
- Elements of Implementation
- Case Study from Colorado
- Elements of Funding
- Sharing and Using New Ideas

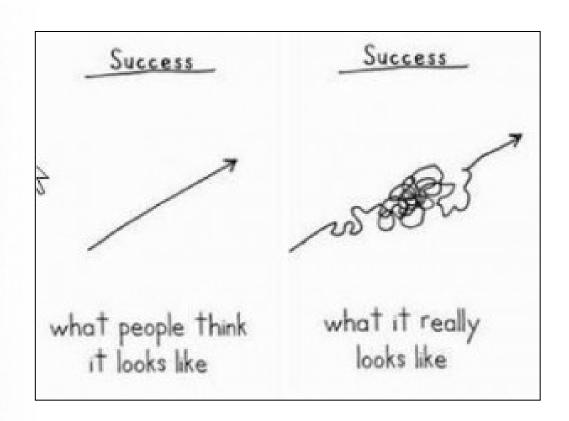
Goals for Today

- 1. Two-way active dialogue
- 2. Share new ideas for effective implementation of adaptation strategies
- 3. Share factors for success
- 4. Share lessons learned
- 5. Using new ideas



What are Successful Adaptation Outcomes?

Ultimately more healthy people, forests, waters, and economic stability



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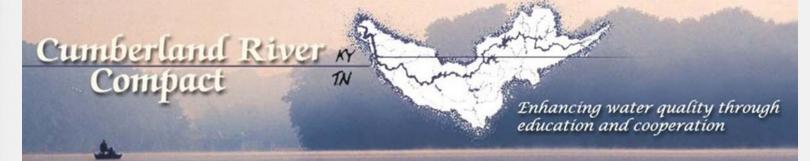
Climate Solutions University: Collaborating Partners



Model Forest POLICY PROGRAM

Sustainable Forests for Water and Climate Protection







What We Do Help rural, underserved communities to: Assess the impacts of climate change on their forests, water and economics Develop and implement climate adaptation plans to increase community resilience

Multi-Year Program: 24 CSU Communities So Far



CSU Communities 2008-2013

Plan Development Program (year 1):

- > Team engagement
- Risk assessment forest, water, and economics
- > Adaptation plan

Implementation Program(years 2+):

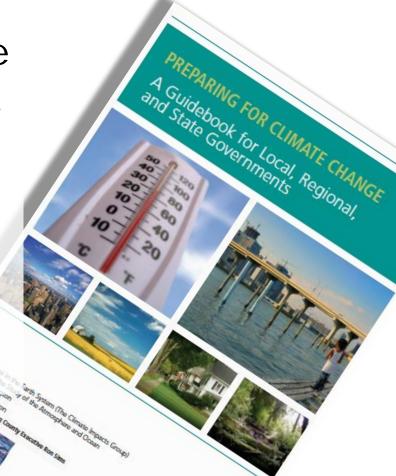
Support plan implementation

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CSU Planning Process

"Preparing for Climate Change: A Guidebook for Local, Regional, and State Governments" (CIG, ICLIE & King County, 2007)





- Community Leader Forms Team / Leads Team Engagement
- Assessment of Forest, Water, Climate, and Economic Risks and Opportunities
- 3. Develop Local Action Plan
- 4. Implementation of Plan



Distance Learning with Virtual Classroom

- 1. 4-6 Communities per year
- 2. Webinar every two weeks
- 3. Step-by-step planning worksheets
- 4. Weekly one-on-one coaching
- 5. Peer-to-peer network
- 6. Plan review process









Bonner County, ID 2008

- > Forestry and tourism economy
- Risks milfoil, more floods, forest & snow decline, weak riparian zones
- Windows of opportunity
 - Revising land use codes
 - > Election year
- Stakeholders: education, policy,
 - > County commissioner support
- Successful candidate's forum
- > Enhanced riparian zone codes

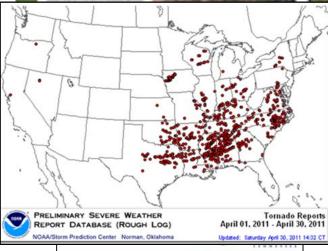




Cookeville, TN 2009 and Sumner County, TN 2010

- > Rural Middle Tennessee
- Risks: Floods, storms, health, population growth/climate refugees
- Comprehensive Planning Component
- Cookeville: "Stewardship Project"
- Business approach-"sustainable city"
- Mayor became champion
- > First climate provisions in TN
- **Sumner County:** Planner led process
- Survey strong public support
- Provisions for tree canopy, riparian zones, and steep slopes





Taos, NM

- > NGO / City Planner Co-Leaders
- > Risks: Water supply, forest fires, health
- Adopted water conservation ordinance

Glacier, WA Bonner County, ID Keene, NH Moab, UT Durango, CO Summer County, TN Nativalle, TN

Alstead, NH

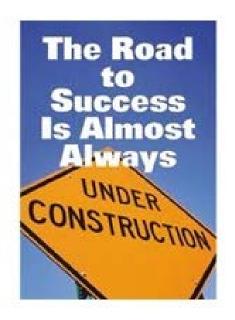
- ▶ Led by Teacher / NGO Support
 - > Asheulot River Plan first with climate provisions

Moab, UT

- ➤ NGO / Town Mayor Co-Leaders
- Risk: Water supply, forest fires, grazing, dust-on-snow
- Grant launched new area watershed partnership
- Forging relationships with USFS and BLM

Three Major Categories:

- Organizational capacity to complete process
- Strong community process & communications
- Effective adaptation strategies in the plan



Organizational capacity to complete process:

- ✓ Funding & staff for planning and implementation
- ✓ Leadership continuity / co-leadership
- ✓ Durable plan champions and stewards
- ✓ Skills in leadership and facilitation
- ✓ Expertise in science and economics
- ✓ Skills in research, analysis, and writing
- ✓ Skills in outreach and communications



Strong community process & communications:

- ✓ Active & diverse team engagement
- ✓ Stakeholder outreach during planning
- ✓ Strong educational plan in process
- ✓ Participatory decision-making
- ✓ Windows of opportunity
- ✓ Support of elected officials and agencies
- ✓ Local climate information and current impacts
- ✓ Communications–language, visuals, messengers



Effective strategies in plan:

- ✓ Focus on local impacts & solutions
- ✓ Prioritizing goals with risk matrix
- ✓ Multi-level benefits to strategies



- ✓ Multiple parties responsibility for implementation
- ✓ Authority to make decisions and take action
- ✓ Flexibility to address obstacles and barriers
- ✓ Adaptive management provisions
- ✓ Strong and specific implementation action plan



Pitfalls to Avoid Gleaned from 24 Communities

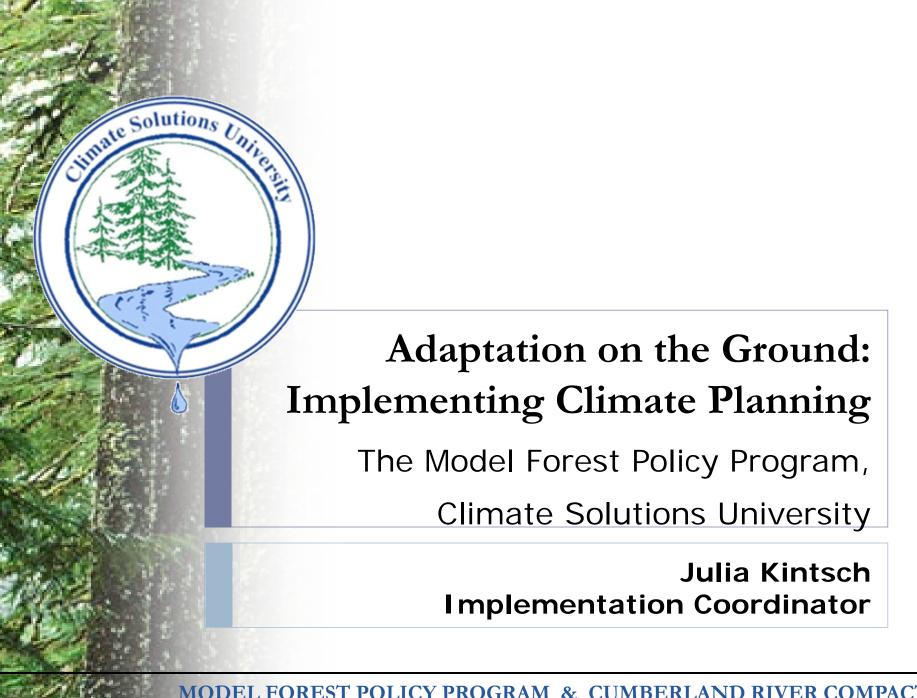
- Doing it all yourself
- Dependence on a single leader
- Using technical jargon & complicated graphs
- Relying on global/national/regional data
- Directly confronting resistance & denial

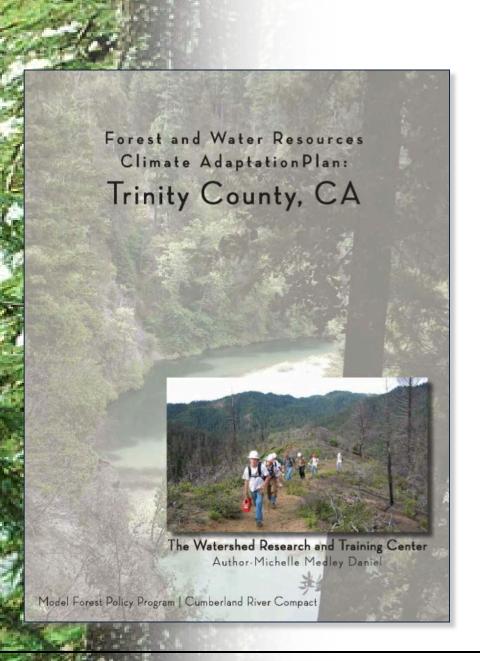




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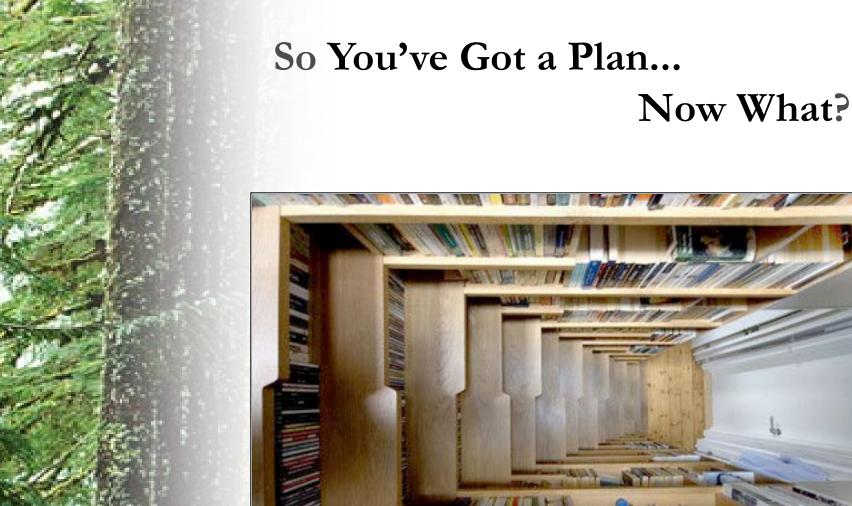
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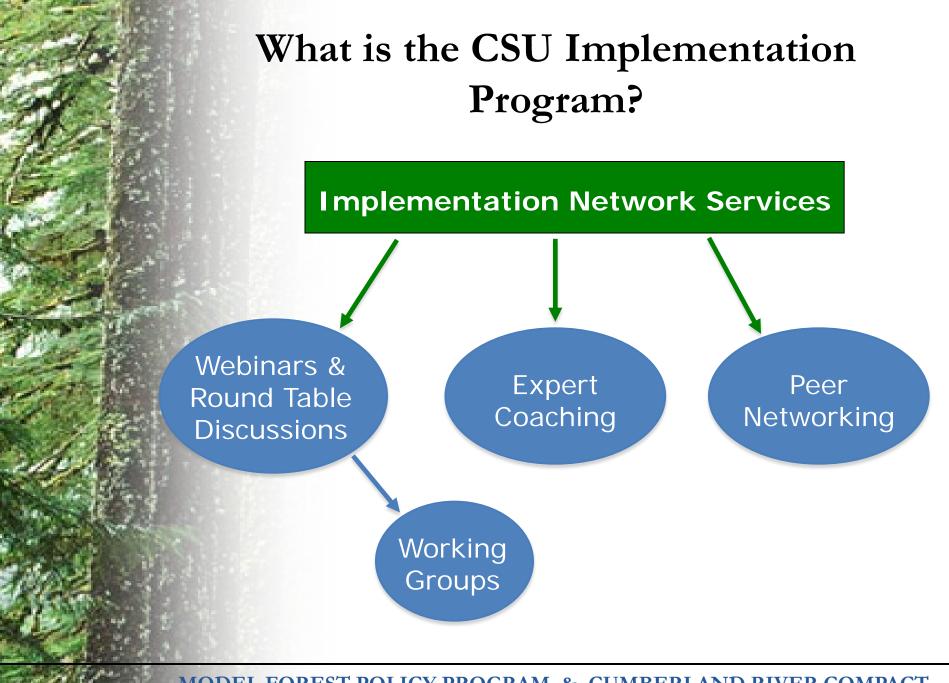




CONGRATULATIONS!

You've completed your plan.

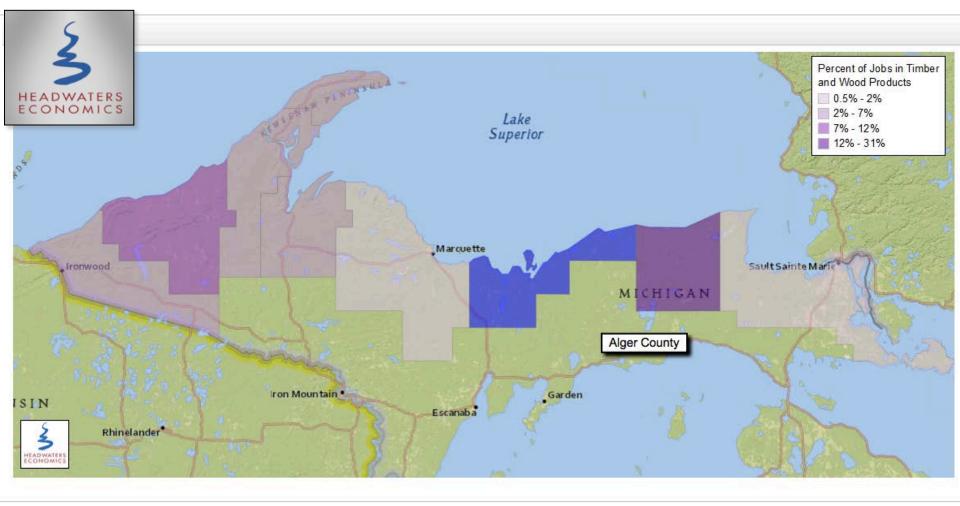


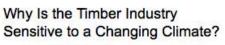




Climate Impacts on the Economy: Alger County, MI





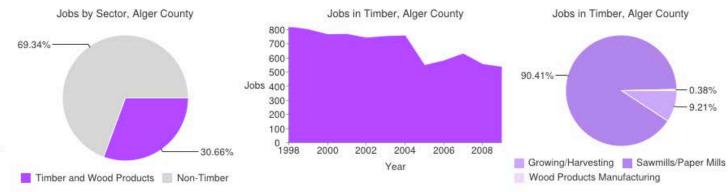


Great Lakes Climate Information

The Timber Economy

Adaptation Plan for the UP (5MB pdf)

Data source for base map: National Geographic (National Geographic, Esri, DeLorme, NAVTEQ, UNEP-WCMC, USGS, NASA, ESA, METI, NRCAN, GEBCO, NOAA, iPC) under CC-by-sa License



A Policy Resolution in Support of Lakeshore and Riparian Restoration: Delta County, MI







Team Development in Shasta County, CA

Quasi-Governmental

 Resource Conservation District

<u>Governmental</u>

- National Forest
- Dept. Water Resources
- Dept. Fish and Game
- National Recreation Area
- NRCS
- •Water Quality Control Board
- Regional Transportation Agency
- College

Private

- Electric Utilities
 Company
- Forest Land Mgmt Company
- Private Citizens
- Media

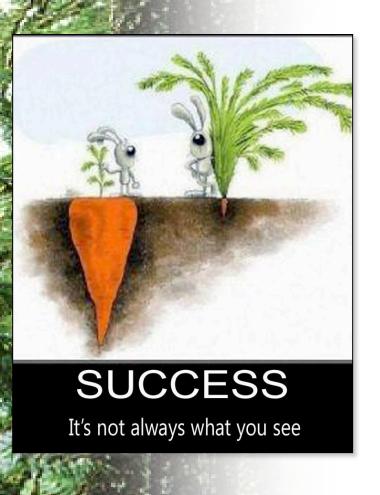


On the Ground Restoration in Greene County, TN

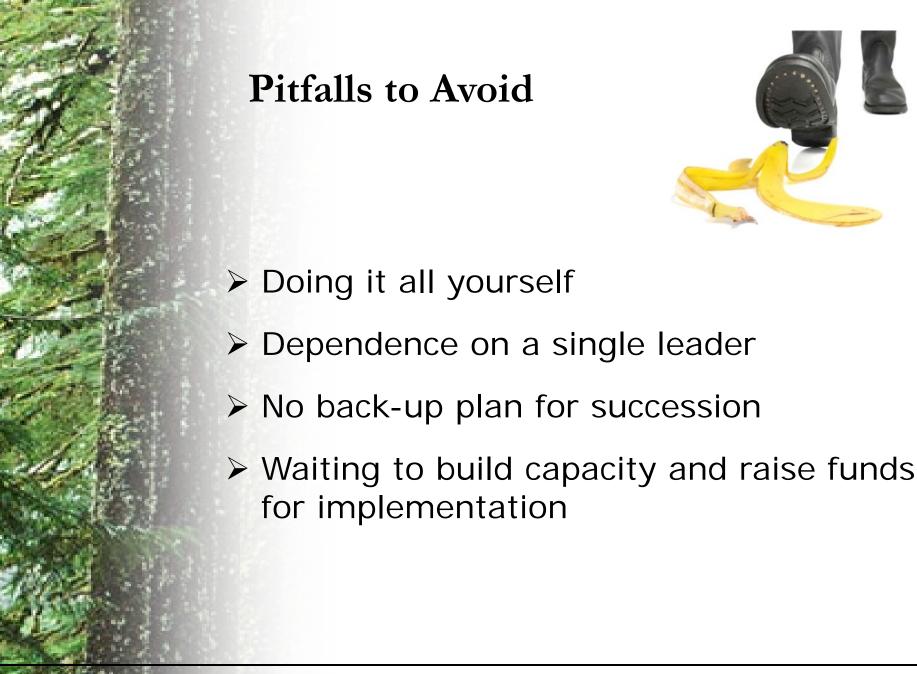




Components of Success



- Broad partnership and commitment to adaptation goals
- Dedicated coordinator
- Funding for coordination and implementation projects & tasks
- Demonstrating tangible outcomes
- Communicating climate impacts





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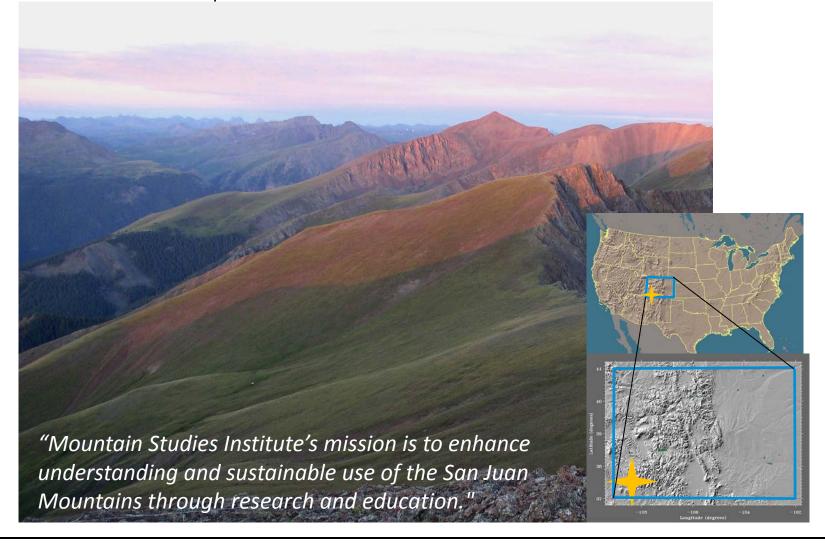
Colorado Case Study

Mountain Studies Institute Durango, Colorado

Marcie Bidwell Executive Director

Success Through Collaboration – CO

San Juan Climate Initiative, SW Colorado Marcie Bidwell, Mountain Studies Institute



Four Step Adaptation Process

- Community Leader Forms Team / Leads Team Engagement
- Assessment of Forest, Water, Climate, and Economic Risks and Opportunities
- 3. Develop Local Action Plan
- 4. Implementation of Plan



San Juan Climate Initiative

What is it?

- Stakeholder- and scientist-driven effort
- Grassroots funding
- Place-based & collaborative

Goals?

- Assess existing and potential threats caused by climate change.
- Develop strategies to plan for, adapt to, and reduce the effects of climate change on ecosystems and society.
- Preparing stakeholders for a changed climate future.













Community Perspective

Shared Climate Resilience Goals



USFS Climate Objectives

Goal 2: Ensure our national forests and private working lands are conserved, restored, and made more resilient to climate change, while enhancing our water resources

San Juan Climate Initiative

Grassroots stakeholder- and scientist-driven effort to:

- •assess existing and potential threats caused by climate change.
- •develop strategies to plan for, adapt to, and reduce the effects of climate change on ecosystems and society.



LA PLATA CLIMATE & ENERGY ACTION PLAN

- 1. Review and Complete GHG baseline
- 2. Set percentage-based GHG targets
- 3. Provide recommendations to reduce GHG
- 4. Begin a process for climate adaptation

CEAP Colorado's Energy Economy Strong

CEAP Colorado Resilient to Climate Change

Goal of Climate Change Preparation Group:



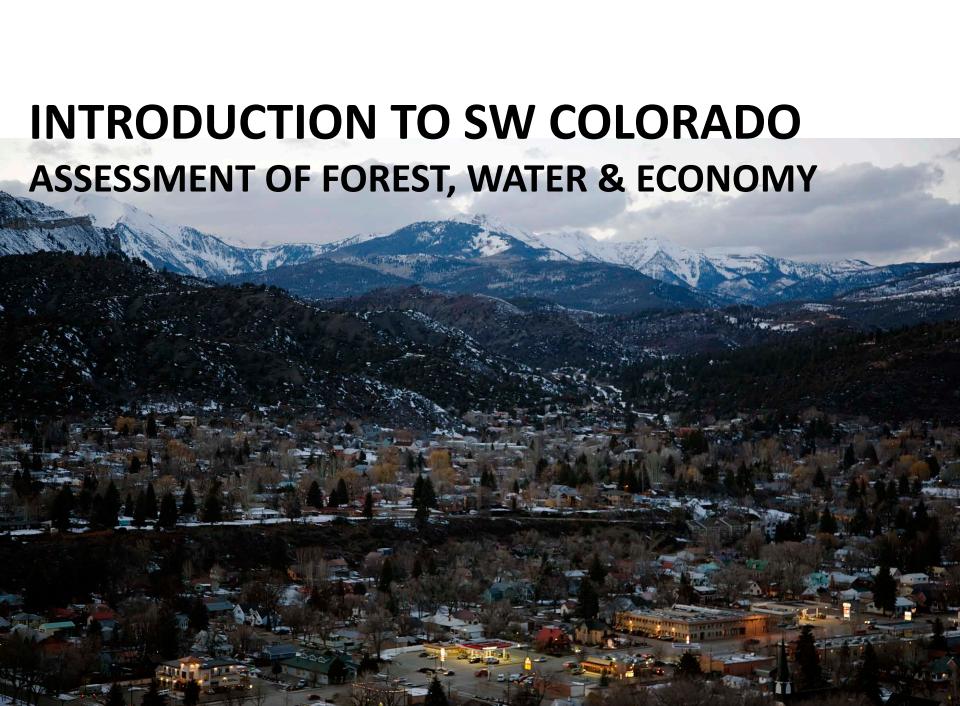
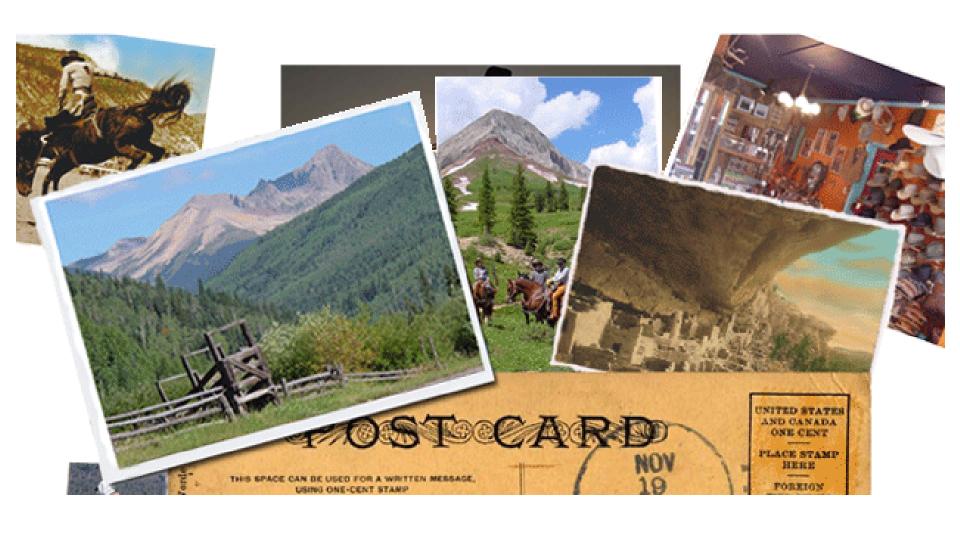


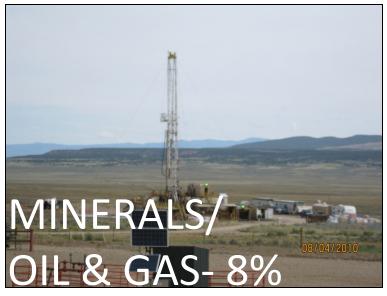
IMAGE OF THE OLD WEST



TRUE NEW WEST ECONOMY

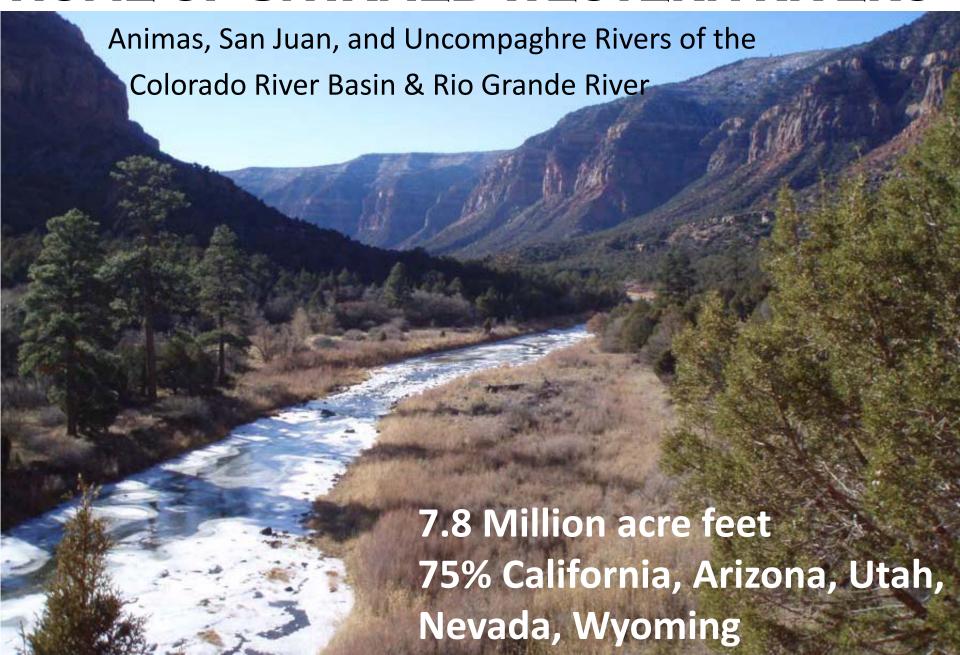






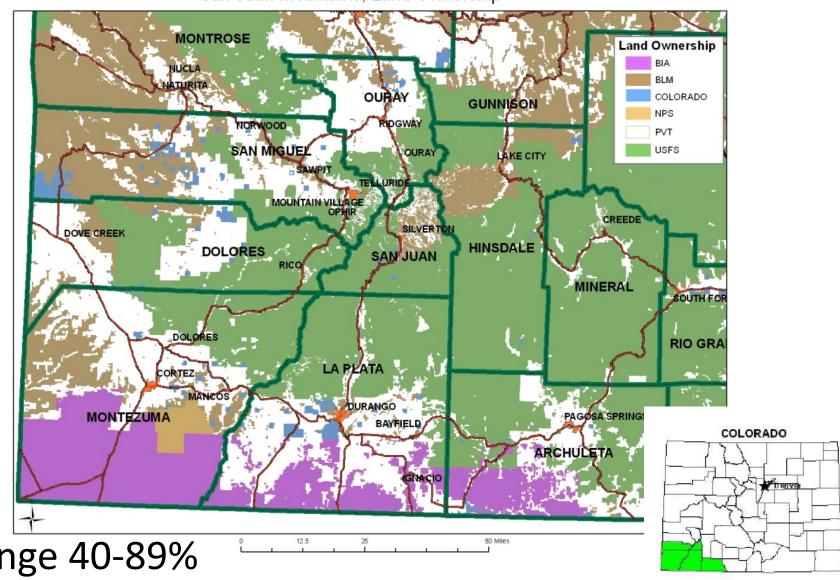


HOME OF UNTAMED WESTERN RIVERS



LAND BASE = 69% Public Lands

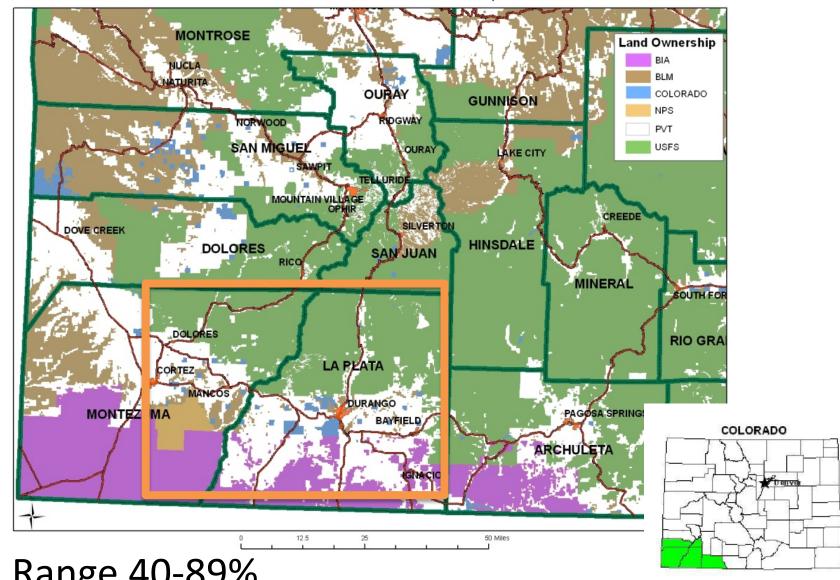
San Juan Mountains, Land Ownership



Range 40-89%

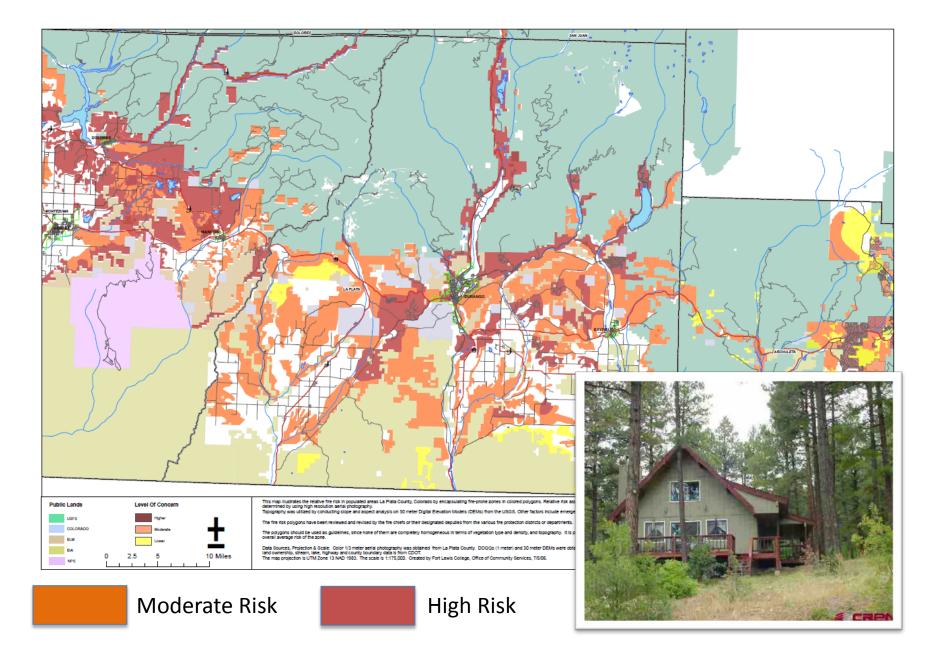
LAND BASE = 69% Public Lands

San Juan Mountains, Land Ownership



Range 40-89%

LIVING IN WILDLAND-URBAN INTERFACE





ASSESS VULNERABILITY & CHANGE

Climate Change Science & Adaptation Planning

Climate Change Assessment for the San Juan Mountain Regions, Southwestern Colorado, USA: A Review of Scientific Research

Koren Nydick, PhD Executive Director Mountain Studies Institute Julie Crawford, PhD Adjunct Scientist Mountain Studies Institute

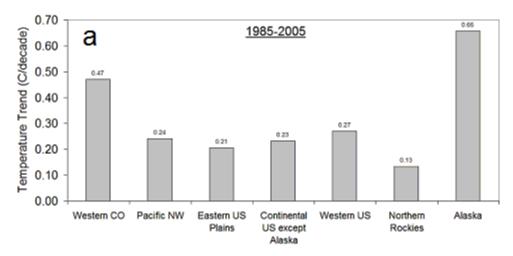
Prepared in Cooperation with The San Juan Public Lands Center: USDA Forest Service – San Juan National Forest and USDOI Bureau of Land Management



Completed:

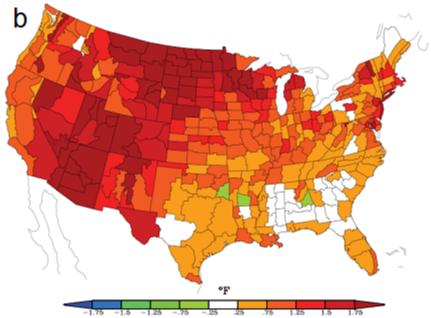
- Downscaled Regional Climate Model-Temp/Precip
- Research Review &Climate Scenario
- Sensitive WildlifeSpecies VulnerabilityAssessment
- Drought Assessment for Recreation & Tourism Vulnerability
- Carbon Assessment

SW Colorado region is already warming



Temperature trends (C/decade) across regions of the US for 1985-2005.

Trends are estimated using the 5° x 5° gridded GHCN (Global Historical Climatology Network) land surface dataset provided by NCDC, NOAA.

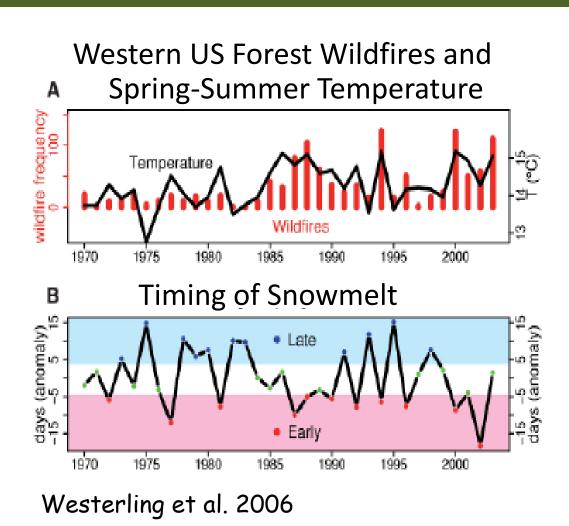


Average temperatures in 2000 - 2007 compared to averages for 1901 - 2000.

Source: Dr. Martin Hoerling, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (reproduced from *Saunders et al.* [2008])

Large wildfires increased dramatically in mid-1980s

- Snowmelt has shifted 2 weeks earlier in spring (Clow, 2010)
- Strongly associated with increased spring and summer temperatures and earlier spring snowmelt (Westerling et al 2006)





What Can SW Colorado Do to Adapt?

Manage GhG/Carbon





Develop Partnerships







Manage Forests



Identify Key Species & Refuges



CEAP Colorado's Energy Economy Strong

CEAP Colorado Resilient to Climate Change

High Country News

The Magazine ▼

Topics *

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You are here: home | Issues | Can evolution help snowshoe hares adapt to climate change? | Fearful of Agenda 21, an alleged U.N. plot

Topic: Growth & Planning

Department: Current





Fearful of Agenda 21, an alleged U.N. plot, activists derail land-use planning

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Comments (16)

NEWS - From the February 08, 2012 issue

By Jonathan Thompson

In November, La Plata County Commissioner Kellie Hotter called local land-use planning "a blood sport." She wasn't kidding. Since last spring, as this southwestern Colorado county considered a new comprehensive land-use plan, carnage has piled up. By mid-December, casualties included a fired planning commissioner, a resigned county planning director and the plan itself -- a 400-page document that took two years, \$750,000 and 137 public meetings to produce. Even planning veterans in the rural West -- where it's not uncommon for mind-numbing meetings to erupt into verbal fisticuffs -- were shocked by the bloodshed in La Plata County. But perhaps most surprising was who emerged the untarnished victors: Activists who believe that smart growth, clustered development, smart meters and even hike nathe are all nart of a nefarious United Nations plot to rob citizens of their liberties. They may





What specifically can we do about it? Original Draft Adaptation Plan & adjusted goals

- Reduce risk and mitigate impacts of catastrophic wildfire on high-risk forested *public* private lands
- 2. Improve local ability to plan for and adapt to changes in water supply & quality
- 3. Lead/collaborate in education/outreach efforts
- 4. Address impacts of drought and wildfire, rather than confront climate change "head-on"

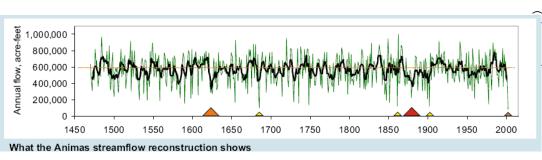
COMMUNITY EDUCATION & OUTREACH

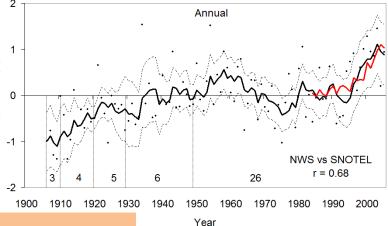
Climate Change Science & Adaptation Planning

MSI, University of Colorado- Boulder, San Juan National Forest and BLM Tres Rios Field Office









— NWS — SNOTEL

- **Conferences and workshops** bringing together scientists, citizens and managers to discuss best available science & management practices
- Restoration Generation: College and High School intern programs
- Booklets and videos connecting to people's experiences



ADAPTING THE RESTORATION GENERATION

Field-based college & high school internships







CITIZEN MONITORING PROGRAMS

PikaNET: Volunteer Monitoring Network for the American Pika

MSI, CU Boulder, San Juan Public Lands, CSU, Denver Zoo, and other NGO partners



- SJNF & MSI helped fund and coordinate CU pika reearch
- Collaborative program born to recruit volunteers to fill data gaps and educate citizens
- Combines research and education
- Workshops started in 2010







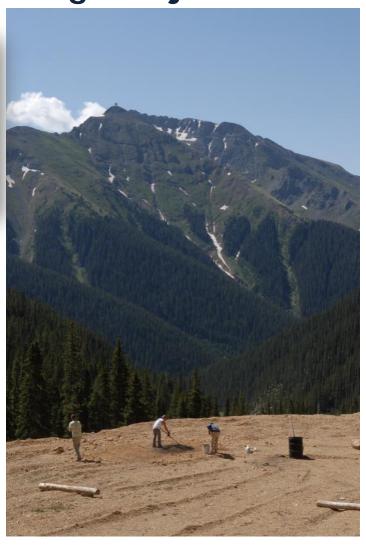
TEST INNOVATIVE ADAPTATION STRATEGIES

Biochar Re-Vegetation & Carbon Storage Project

MSI, San Juan NF, BLM and CU/FLC interns



- Experimental study to test the success of using biochar for re-vegetation of damaged soils (abandoned mine lands, gas well pads, recreation misuse)
- SJPLC is working on making biochar from local fuels project thinnings as a carbon sequestration project





RESTORE RIPARIAN & WETLAND ECOSYSTEMS

MSI, Colorado State University, Michigan Tech University, and San Juan National Forest







- MSI and partners helped to identify locations of rare and common wetland peatlands, known as fens, in region
- Conducted large scale assessment of condition and distribution in SJNF
- **Initiated restoration** and experimented with new techniques for restoring backcountry and remote areas
- SJNF initiated policy to manage for fens as sensitive areas
- Conducting carbon sequestration experiments



Conclusions for Adapting SW Colorado

What is happening now?

- Warmer, Drier, Less Snow
- Resources- Forests, Water, Recreation, WUI
- •Farming? Always been marginal

What still needs to be done?

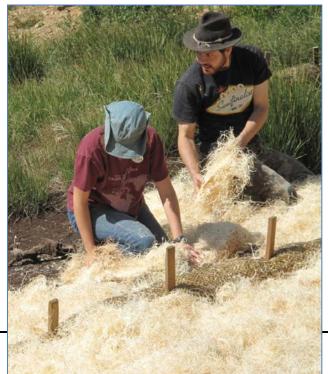
- Address impacts- wildfire, flooding, emergency services
- Communicate with decision makers with LOCAL info
- Make the adaptation link to industry and economy
- Focus on future decision makers & become a learning community

Success Through Collaboration – CO

What are our successes (so far)?

- Adapted our goals and approach
- Involve people in hands-on projects
- Peer-to-peer relationship between professionals, NGOs, and public
- Worked out mutually beneficial outcomes and deliverables
- Locally oriented and on-theground focused
- Target issues where people are feeling the impacts





Success Through Collaboration – CO

Beneficial Outcomes- Expected & Unexpected

- On-the-ground results:
 - 100,000 trees planted
 - 10 acres of fens restored
 - Biochar incorporated into plantings and reclamation
- Synergy beyond single organizations or agencies
- Leverage funds and resources to extend missions
- Creates flexibility and creativity in audiences, dollars, and accomplishments



Acknowledgements: Partners & Support

- San Juan Public Lands Center
- Mountain Studies Institute www.mountainstudies.org
- Fort Lewis College www.fortlewis.edu
- University of Colorado Boulder www.sjc.colorado.edu
- 4CORE www.fourcore.org







San Juan
Public Lands
Center







Sharing Ideas

Share Your Ideas on Two Questions: (10 min)

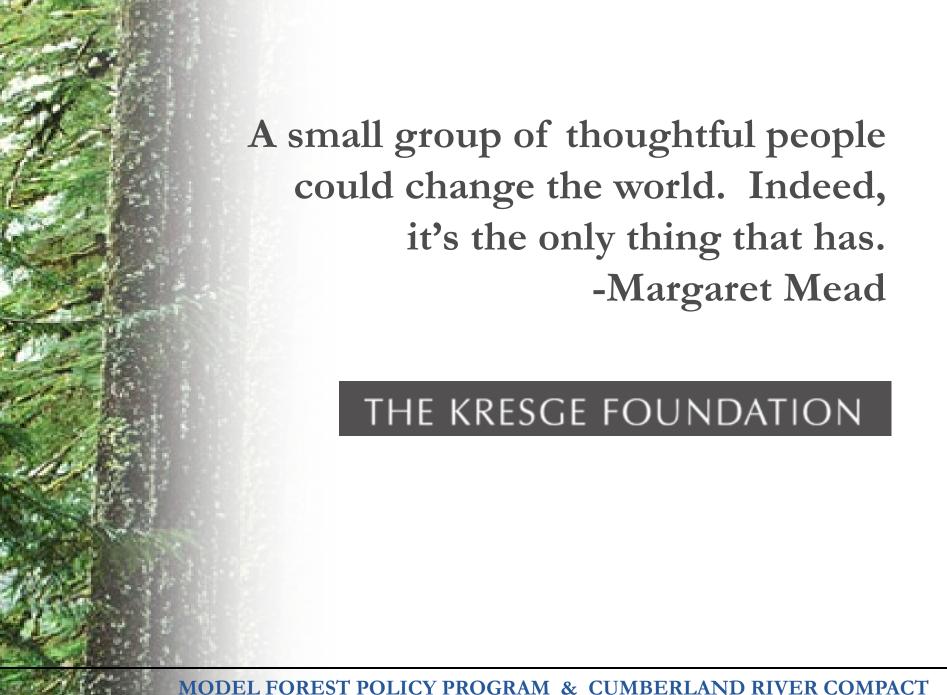
> Planning question

- > Implementation question
- Choose a Note Taker:
- Go around circle and share ideas
- > Rank your Top 5 Ideas to report back

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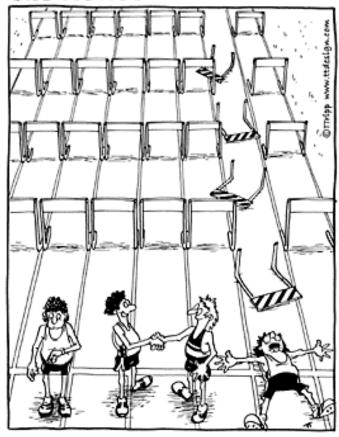


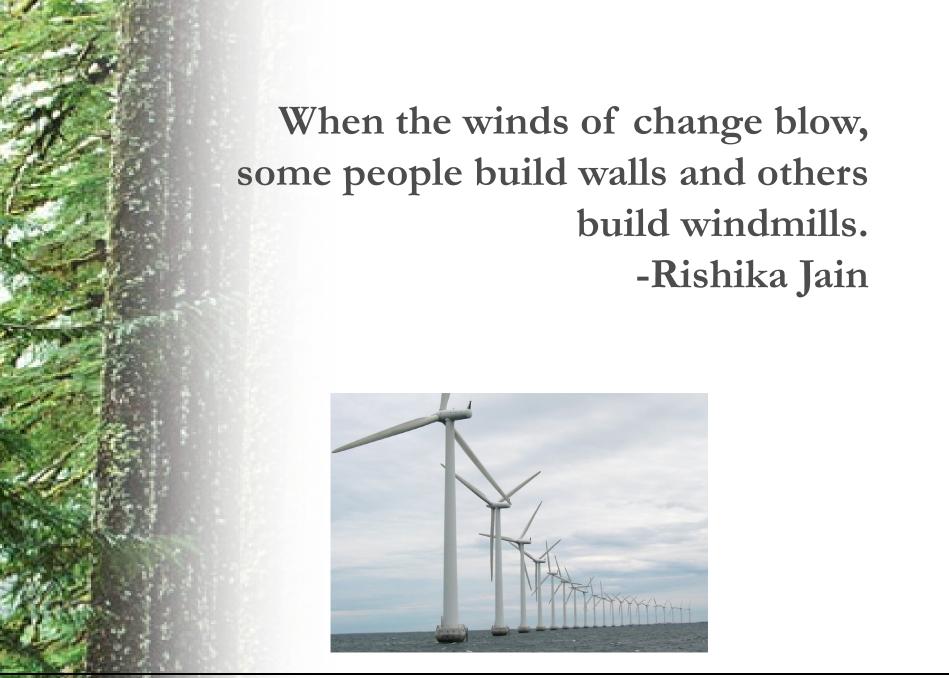


Funding Challenges for Rural Communities at the Community Level

- Funding adaptation:
 - on a national level
 - versus on-the-ground outcomes
 - versus hazard mitigation
- Rural communities' resources, capacity, access
- Moving from planning to implementation

The Novice







- SWP: shoreline erosion; shoreline protection zone
- > Delta RCD: invasive species; restoration
- ➤ EPA GLRI: Increasing climate change resiliency in Great Lakes
- > MFPP: build momentum in GL for adaptation
- Win-win for all

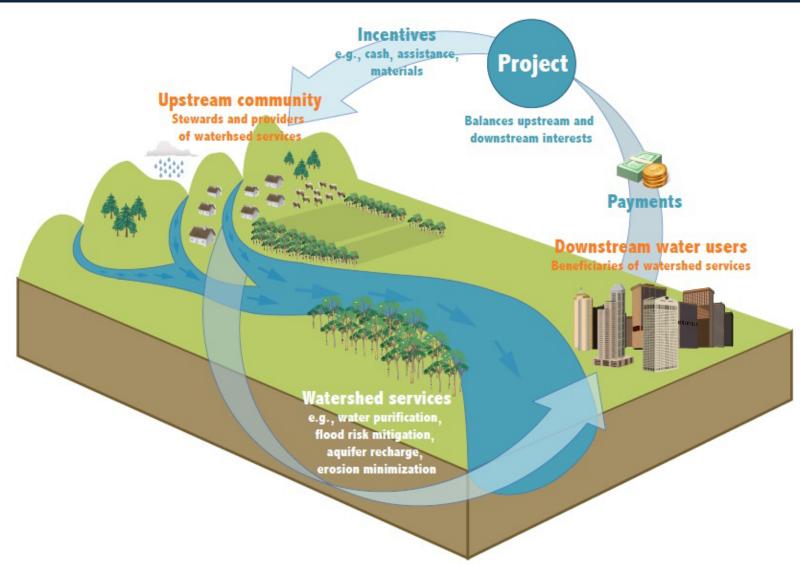






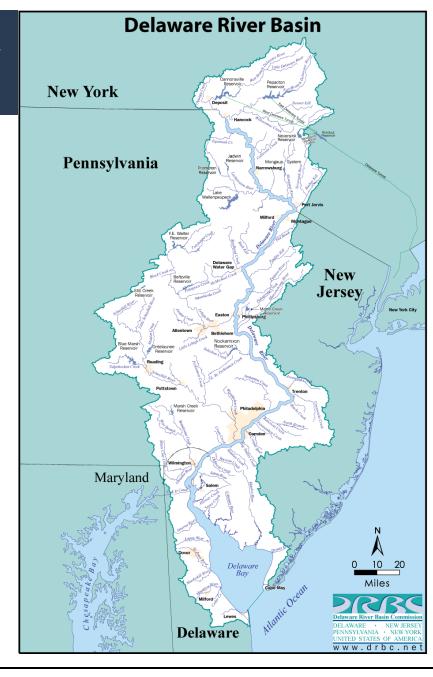


Ex #2 of What Success *Could* Look Like—Payment for Ecosystem Services (PES) as Market Based Solution



Developing PES Program in Upper Delaware Basin

- Risk: development & climate impacts; clean water & regulated stream flows to 16.2M people + businesses
- Mechanism: "Sellers": rural private landowners; "Buyers": water utilities, electric companies, insurance, etc.
- Opportunity: calculate forests' econ value
- Win-win for all



"Adapting" to Help our Rural Communities Become Climate Heroes

Looking beyond the traditional donor model to create new alternative funding opportunities



Creating New Opportunities for Successful Adaptation Funding

Thinking of rural areas and their needs, what are new ways we can fund rural adaptation and implementation that I have not already covered?



Creating New Opportunities for Successful Adaptation Funding for Rural Communities

- Joint/collaborative fundraising
- Market-based solutions such as ecosystem services
- Public/private/nonprofit partnerships: water utilities, electric companies, industrial users, insurance companies
- Fee-for-services; revenue model; membership models
- Tapping into existing funding streams& diverting them for adaptation (FEMA)
- > Capacity building, leadership grants

Factors for Success for Funding Rural Communities at the Local Level

- Organizational capacity
- Strong community process & communications
- Time, resources, project lead
- Capacity, leadership, communications, partnerships
- Clearly defined goals, roles when collaborating
- > Technical assistance
- > Don't go it alone!

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What are Successful Adaptation Outcomes?

Ultimately more healthy people, forests, waters, and economic stability

How to get there?

- > Educate & empower community and leaders
- Invest in mitigation & adaptation
- Integrate climate into decision making
- Improve public policy
- Conserve and restore on-the-landscape

Sharing and Using New Ideas

What ideas from today will you take back with you to act upon and how?

Going Forward

- Climate Solutions University: Applications open now for CSU 2014
 - Plan Development Program
 - Implementation Program
- Details at <u>www.mfpp.org</u>

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